

Thermochemical equations - energy profile diagrams.

Lesson 3

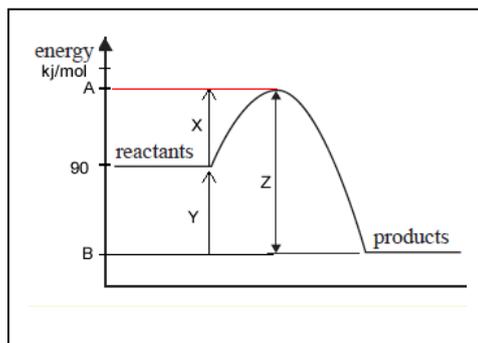
- 1) The energy profile diagram shown below is of the reaction  $2A(g) + B(g) \rightarrow BA_2(g)$   
 Given that 80kJ/mol of energy is used in bond breaking while, during the process of bond formation, 150kJ/mol of energy is released label the following on the diagram.

- a) Give the value of:

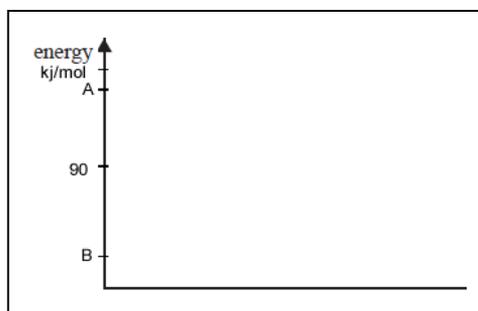
- A
- B
- X
- Y
- Z

- b) Label the:

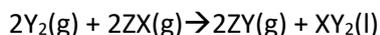
- Activation energy
- $\Delta H$  and give its sign



- c) On the set of axis, on the right, draw the energy profile of the reaction  $BA_2(g) \rightarrow 2A(g) + B(g)$



- 2) The energy profile diagram shown below is of the reaction



Given that 60kJ/mol of energy is used in bond breaking while, during the process of bond formation, 30kJ/mol of energy is released label the following on the diagram.

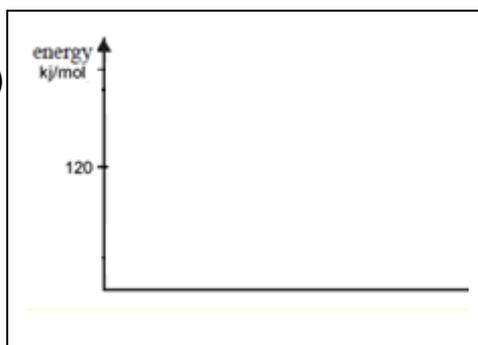
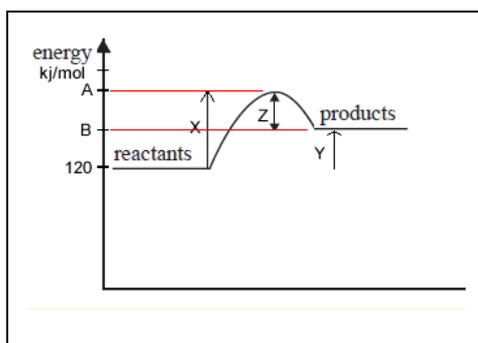
- a) Give the value of:

- A
- B
- X
- Y
- Z

- b) Label the:

- Activation energy
- $\Delta H$  and give its sign

- c) On the set of axis, on the right, draw the energy profile of the reaction  $2ZY(g) + XY_2(l) \rightarrow 2Y_2(g) + 2ZX(g)$

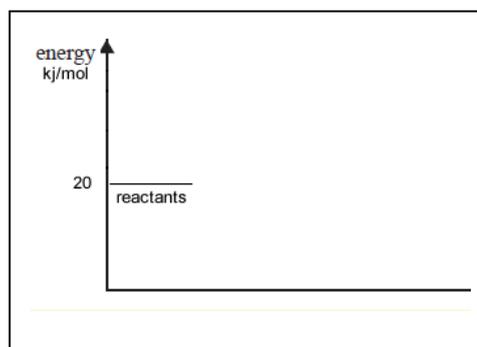


- 3) Ammonium nitrate is used in “Ice Packs” to treat sports injuries. The dissolving of ammonium nitrate is given by the equation  $\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3(\text{s}) \rightarrow \text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3(\text{aq})$   $\Delta H = + 25\text{kJ/mol}$ . If the activation energy for the reaction  $\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3(\text{s})$  is  $35 \text{ kJ/mol}$  draw the changes in chemical energy that occur during the dissolving of ammonium nitrate powder.

On the set of axis, shown on the right

indicate and give the value of the:

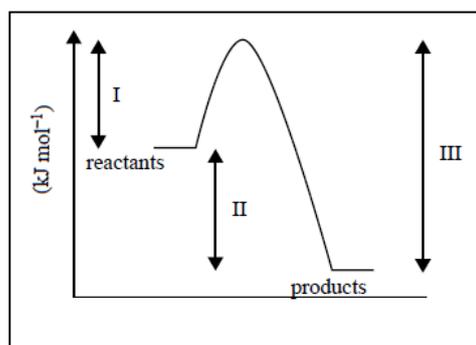
- activation energy
- $\Delta H$
- the enthalpy of the products



- 4) Consider the energy profile diagram of a particular reaction shown below. Labelled are certain enthalpy changes that occur as the reaction proceeds.

What label/s best represent the :

- Energy released during bond formation
- Energy required to break reactant bonds
- Net energy change for the forward reaction
- The activation energy for the reverse reaction



- 5) Consider the energy profiles of two reactions shown on the right. Indicate true or false for the comments below.

Give a reason for your selection.

- a) Reaction A is faster than reaction B

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- b) Reaction A releases more net energy than reaction B

\_\_\_\_\_

- c) The reverse reactions of both A and B are harder to initiate than the forward reaction.

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