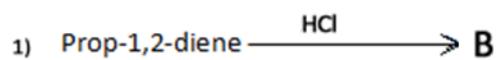
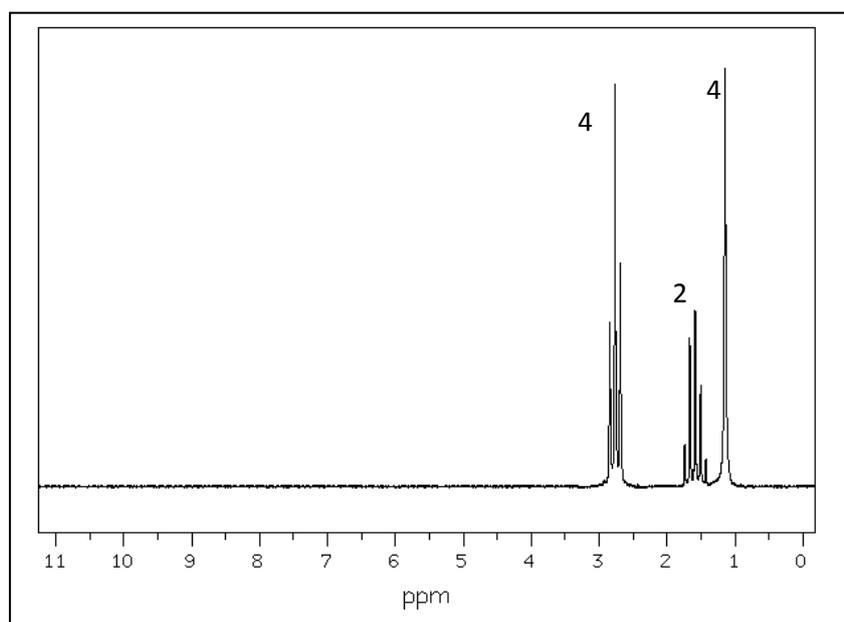


1) The following two reactions are part of an organic pathway .

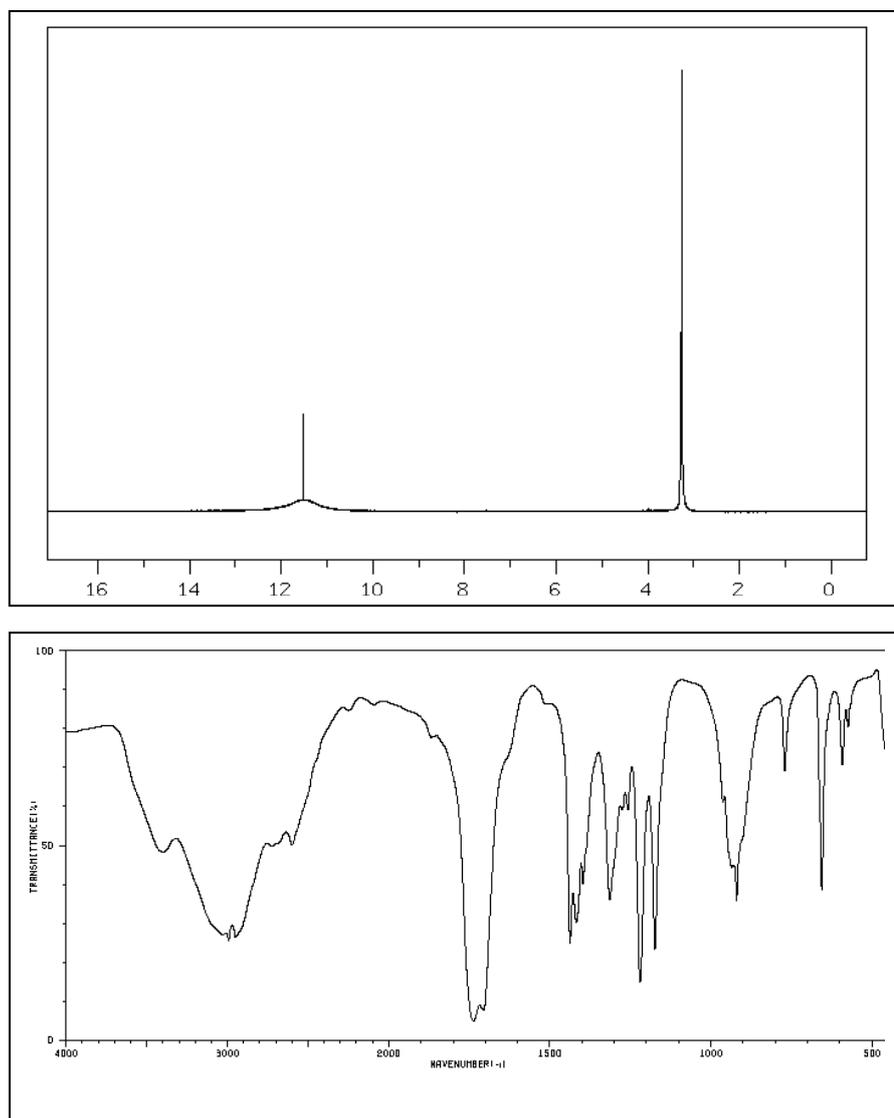


Below is the HNMR spectrum of compound C which has the molecular formula $\text{C}_3\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2$



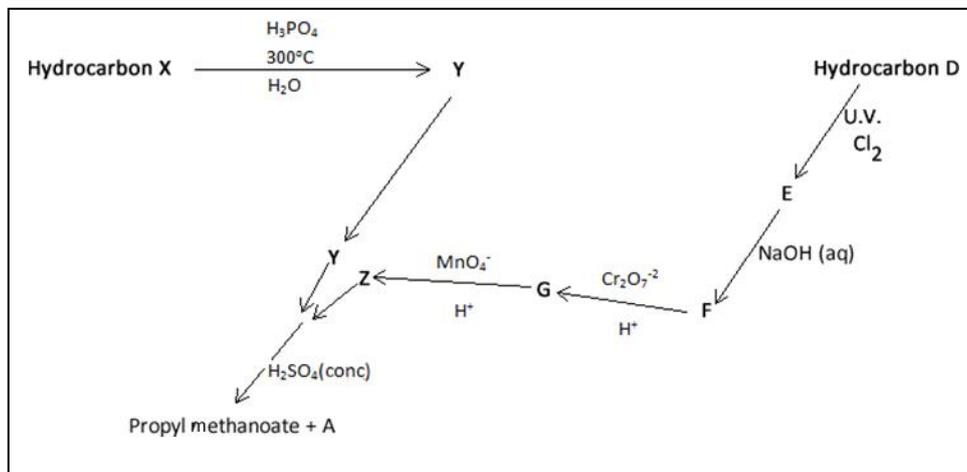
- Identify compound C. Name and draw its structure.
- Name two other possible products of reaction 1 above
- What type of reaction is reaction:
 -
 -

d) Compound E has the molecular formula $C_3H_4O_4$ its HNMR and IR spectra are shown below.



- i. If 20.00 mL of a 1.00 M solution of compound E reacts with exactly 40.00 mL of a 1.00 M NaOH draw the structural formula and name compound E.
- ii. Compound E and compound C react according to the equation below.
 $C + E \rightarrow H_2O + F$
Draw the structural formula of compound F
- iii. When more than one molecule of C and E react a long polymer is produced. Draw the structural formula of the polymer when two molecules of each compound react together.

2) Below is the reaction pathway to synthesising propyl methanoate.



- Draw the structural formulae of each of the substances below.
 - X
 - Y
 - E
 - F
 - Z
- What type of reaction forms each of the compounds listed below?
 - Y
 - E
 - F
 - Z
 - Propyl methanoate
- The reaction that forms G is a redox reaction where $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ is converted to Cr^{3+} . This reaction is used in an experimental fuel cell.
 - Write the balanced equation for the half reaction that occurs at the:
 - State not required.
 - Anode
 - Catode
- Identify substance A.
- Consider the reaction that forms substance Y.
 - If 4.200 grams of substance X reacts completely to form 2.9 grams of substance Y calculate the percentage yield to the right number of significant figures.
 - What is the percentage atom economy for the reaction?
- Consider substance Y
 - How many isomers exist for substance Y?
 - How many of these isomers, if any, are optically active?