Spectroscopy (2011 VCE)

1) The IR wavenumber for bond stretching in a C-O bond (1000-1300 cm⁻) is lower than for a C-H bond (2850-3300 cm⁻). Which one of the following statements best explains this fact?

a) Oxygen atoms are more electronegative than hydrogen atoms
b) Oxygen atoms have a greater atomic mass than hydrogen atoms.
c) Oxygen atoms have a greater atomic radius than hydrogen atoms.
d) Oxygen atoms have a higher nuclear charge than hydrogen atoms... Solution

2) Petrol is a mixture of hydrocarbon molecules varying in size from six to ten carbon atoms. Forensic investigators suspect that traces of a substance found at a suspicious fire could be petrol that was used to start the fire. Which one of the following techniques could best be used to identify the substance?

a) NMR spectroscopy

- b) UV-Visible spectroscopy
- c) atomic absorption spectroscopy
- d) gas chromatography followed by mass spectroscopy. Solution

3) The amount of copper in a solution of copper(II) sulfate can be determined using atomic absorption spectroscopy. When a blue copper (II) sulfate solution is introduced into an atomic absorption spectrometer, a green flame is observed. Consider the following. I) A copper (II) sulfate solution appears blue because it absorbs red light.

II) The metal species undergoes oxidation in the flame.

III) The flame is green due to electron transitions from a higher energy state to a lower energy state.

Which of the above statement are true?

a) ! only

- b) I and III only c) II and III only
- d) I, II and III

Solution





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a) Identify the species that produces the peak at m/z = 29. Solution

d) What do the two molecular ion peaks indicate about the relative abundance of $^{79}\rm{Br}$ and $^{81}\rm{Br}?$ Give a reason Solution

d) There are two compounds that have the molecular formula $C_2H_4Br_2$. The 1H NMR spectrum of one of these compounds is provided below.



i) Draw the structural formula of each of the two compounds with the molecular formula $C_2H_4Br_2.$

Solution

ii) Which one of your two structures above corresponds to the ¹H NMR spectrum provided? Justify your answer by referring to both the ¹H NMR spectrum and to the structure of the compound. <u>Solution</u>

Solution will appear here