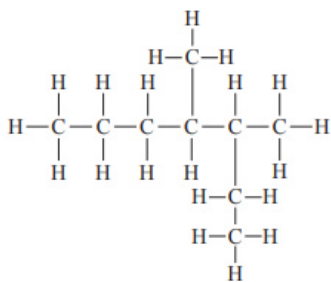


# Organic (2016 VCE)



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- 1) What is the correct systematic name for the compound shown above? A.  
4-methyl-5-ethylhexane  
B. 2-ethyl-3-methylhexane  
C. 4,5-dimethylheptane  
D. 3,4-dimethylheptane

Solution

- 2) Met-enkephalin (Tyr–Gly–Gly–Phe–Met) is a peptide found in the central nervous system and the gastrointestinal tract of the human body. Which of the following are the correct structures for the two terminal ends of met-enkephalin at a very low pH?

|    |                  |                 |
|----|------------------|-----------------|
| A. | $-\text{NH}_2$   | $-\text{COOH}$  |
| B. | $-\text{NH}_2$   | $-\text{COO}^-$ |
| C. | $-\text{NH}_3^+$ | $-\text{COO}^-$ |
| D. | $-\text{NH}_3^+$ | $-\text{COOH}$  |

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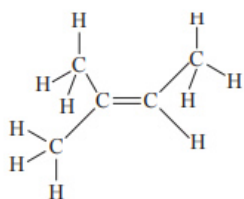
Solution

- 3) A condensation reaction involving 200 glucose molecules,  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ , results in a polysaccharide. The molar mass, in  $\text{g mol}^{-1}$ , of the polysaccharide is  
A. 36 000  
B. 35982  
C. 32 418  
D. 32 400

Solution will appear here

Solution

- 4) The molecule with the structural formula shown below reacts with hydrogen bromide,  $\text{HBr}$ , to form  $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{11}\text{Br}$ .



Solution will appear here

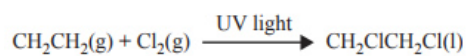
The number of different structural isomers theoretically possible to be produced by this reaction is

- A. 1  
B. 2

- C. 3  
D. 4

Solution

5) When ethene is mixed with chlorine in the presence of UV light, the following reaction takes place.



Reactions of organic compounds can be classified in a number of ways. The following list shows four possible classifications:

1. addition
2. substitution
3. redox
4. condensation

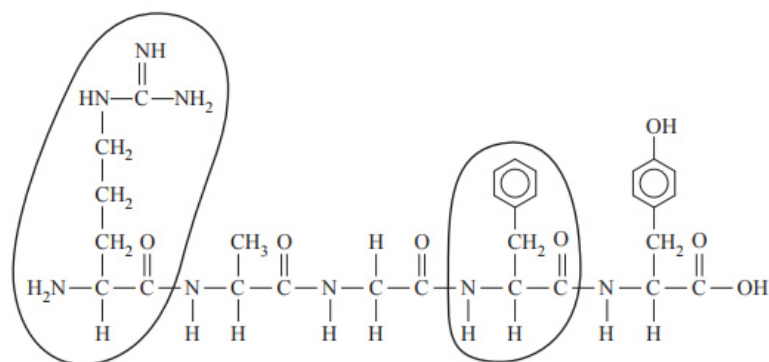
Which classification(s) applies to the reaction between ethene and chlorine?

- A. 1  
B. 1 and 2  
C. 1 and 3  
D. 4

Solution will appear here

Solution

6) Substance P is a peptide found in the human body, and it is associated with inflammation and pain. The structure of Substance P is shown below.



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What are the abbreviated names of the two circled amino acid residues? A.

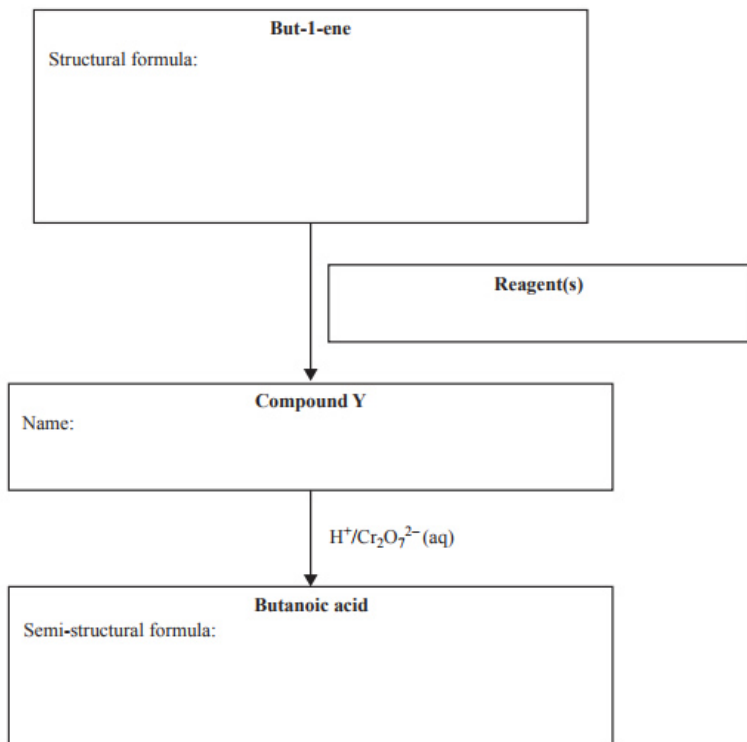
- Arg and Phe  
B. Lys and Tyr  
C. Phe and Tyr  
D. Met and Arg

Solution

7) Butanoic acid is the simplest carboxylic acid that is also classified as a fatty acid. Butanoic acid may be synthesised as outlined in the following

Solution will appear here

reaction flow chart.



i. Draw the structural formula of but-1-ene in the box provided.

[Solution](#)

ii. State the reagent(s) needed to convert but-1-ene to Compound Y in the box provided.

[Solution](#)

iii. Write the systematic name of Compound Y in the box provided.

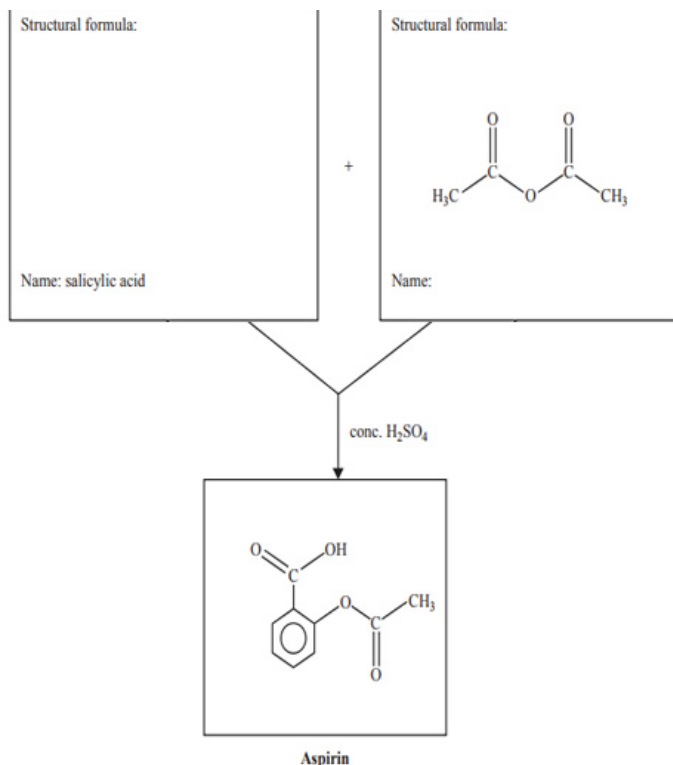
[Solution](#)

iv. Write the semi-structural formula of butanoic acid in the box provided.

[Solution](#)

v. Write a balanced half-equation for the conversion of  $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$  to  $\text{Cr}^{3+}$ .

[Solution](#)



Solution will appear here

8) An incomplete reaction pathway for the synthesis of aspirin is given above.  
i. Draw the structural formula of salicylic acid in the box provided.

**Solution**

ii. The structural formula of the other reactant is provided. State its systematic name in the box provided

**Solution**

9)  $\text{NH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2$  forms a condensation polymer with butanedioic acid,  $\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$ . Draw the structure of the repeating unit on the copolymer that would be formed.

Solution will appear here

**Solution**